

## Transcription conventions for Chinese

,	indicates a continuing intonation
◦	indicates a falling intonation
?	indicates a rising intonation, not necessarily a question
[	indicates the place where overlapping talk starts
=	indicates no gap between two lines
( )	indicates transcriber's comments including those about non-verbal actions and vocal noises, e.g., laughs
____ (unintelligible)	indicates utterances that are not intelligible
(...)	indicates a pause longer than one second
嗯 / en / En	All fillers, such as “um” and “eh”, are marked as “嗯 (En)” for the convenience of transcription.
*	indicates an error (or errors) is contained in the marked word, phrase or sentence.